

DISCURSIVE PASSAGE NO-1

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: (1 x 10 = 10 Marks)

Discipline is a crucial aspect of personal and professional development. It involves the practice of training oneself to follow rules, guidelines, and standards to achieve a desired outcome.

Discipline can be observed in various forms, such as self-discipline, social discipline, and organizational discipline.

Self-discipline is the ability to control one's emotions, behaviours, and desires in the face of external demands. It is often considered the foundation of success because it allows individuals to stay focused on their goals and maintain consistency in their efforts.

Social discipline refers to the way individuals conform to the expectations and norms of society. It ensures that people act in a manner that is respectful and considerate of others. This form of discipline helps maintain order and harmony within communities and is essential for peaceful coexistence.

Organizational discipline, on the other hand, pertains to the adherence to policies and procedures within a workplace or institution. It ensures that tasks are completed efficiently and objectives are met. Organizational discipline is vital for the smooth operation of any entity, as it promotes a culture of accountability and productivity.

One of the key benefits of discipline is that it fosters resilience. When individuals practice discipline, they develop the ability to withstand challenges and setbacks without losing motivation. This resilience is crucial for long-term success and personal growth. Additionally, discipline enhances time management skills. By prioritizing tasks and adhering to schedules, disciplined individuals can make the most of their time and achieve their goals more effectively.

In summary, discipline is a multifaceted concept that plays a significant role in various aspects of life. Whether it is through self-control, adherence to social norms, or following organizational rules, discipline is indispensable for achieving success and maintaining order. Its benefits, including resilience and improved time management, highlight its importance in both personal and professional realms.

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the following questions.

(i) What is self-discipline primarily about?

- a) Controlling others' behaviour
- b) Controlling one's own emotions, behaviours, and desires
- c) Following societal norms
- d) Adhering to workplace policies

(ii) What does social discipline help to maintain?

- a) Personal success
- b) Professional growth

c) Order and harmony within communities

d) Efficient task completion

(iii) Why is organizational discipline important?

a) It enhances emotional control

b) It promotes a culture of accountability and productivity

c) It ensures personal growth

d) It fosters social harmony

(iv) Which of the following is a key benefit of discipline mentioned in the passage?

a) Increased financial wealth

b) Enhanced resilience

c) Better physical health

d) Improved creativity

(v) What does discipline improve that helps individuals achieve their goals more effectively?

a) Physical strength

b) Time management skills

c) Social skills

d) Financial planning

(vi) Explain the meaning of "adherence" as used in the context of the passage.

(vii) Social discipline pertains to the adherence to policies and procedures within a workplace or institution. State whether the statement is 'True' or 'False.'

(viii) Why is discipline considered indispensable for achieving success according to the passage?

(ix) Pick out a word from the passage which is a synonym to 'flexibility'

(x) _____ is considered the foundation of success because it allows individuals to stay focused on their goals and maintain consistency in their efforts.

DISCURSIVE PASSAGE NO-2

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: (1 x 10 = 10 Marks)

Education stands as the cornerstone of societal progress and individual empowerment. It is not merely a means to acquire knowledge but a transformative force that shapes individuals and societies alike. At its core, education equips individuals with essential skills and knowledge necessary to navigate the complexities of the modern world.

From basic literacy to advanced technical skills, education opens doors to opportunities that would otherwise remain

closed. It empowers individuals to contribute meaningfully to their communities, fostering economic growth and social cohesion.

Moreover, education cultivates critical thinking and problem-solving abilities. By encouraging individuals to question, analyse, and innovate, education lays the groundwork for progress and innovation. This is particularly crucial in today's rapidly changing global landscape, where adaptability and creativity are paramount.

Beyond practical skills, education plays a vital role in shaping values and fostering social awareness. It promotes empathy, tolerance, and respect for diversity, laying the foundation for a more inclusive and harmonious society. Education not only transmits cultural heritage but also encourages dialogue and understanding across different cultures and perspectives.

Furthermore, education is a powerful tool for breaking the cycle of poverty and inequality. It provides marginalized groups with the means to improve their circumstances, offering hope and a pathway to a better future. By ensuring equitable access to quality education, societies can reduce social disparities and build more resilient communities. In conclusion, education is not just a preparation for life but a fundamental aspect of life itself. It empowers individuals to reach their full potential and contributes to the advancement of society as a whole. As we navigate the complexities of the 21st century, investing in education remains one of the most effective strategies for promoting sustainable development, fostering peace, and ensuring a brighter future for generations to come.

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the following questions.

(i) What is the primary purpose of education?

- a) To memorize facts
- b) To foster critical thinking and problem-solving skills
- c) To socialize with peers
- d) To play sports

(ii) How does education contribute to societal progress?

- a) By promoting ignorance
- b) By encouraging conformity
- c) By fostering innovation and economic growth
- d) By limiting opportunities

(iii) Which of the following is not a benefit of education?

- a) Increase social equalities
- b) Limited career options
- c) Improve cognitive abilities
- d) Increase access to healthcare

(iv) Education promotes

- a) Intolerance and conflict
- b) Empathy and respect for diversity
- c) Isolation and segregation
- d) Discrimination based on ethnicity

(v) What role does education play in breaking the cycle of poverty?

- a) It perpetuates opportunities poverty by limiting
- b) It provides skills and opportunities for advancement
- c) It increases social inequalities
- d) It has no impact on poverty rates

(vi) How does education contribute to economic growth?

(vii) Find a word from the passage which means 'unity or togetherness'

(viii) Education primarily involves memorization of facts. (True or False)

(ix) Education can help reduce _____. (Complete the statement)

(x) Define "equitable" as used in the context of education.

3. Send an **e-mail/formal letter to the principal of a neighbouring school** informing them about the interschool debate competition and **requesting them to send a team of students to participate**. Use a formal tone and include all relevant details (date, venue, topics or rules if applicable). [100-150 words]

4. You are taking a **leisurely stroll in a beautiful garden**. Describe what you see, hear and smell, using vivid details to recreate the scene. [150-200 words approx.]